CLMPTO

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tb

1. (currently amended) A programmable logic device (PLD) comprising:

[input/output (I/O) interface having a first plurality of I/O register blocks, the first plurality of I/O register blocks being partitioned into a second plurality of I/O sections each I/O section having N data I/O register blocks and a strobe circuit, wherein each of the N data I/O register blocks is configured to store multiple bits of data, and each strobe circuit is configured to generate a local strobe signal that drives a local clock line coupling to clock inputs of the N data I/O register blocks, the N data I/O register blocks and the strobe circuit in each I/O section being coupled to a corresponding number of device pins; and

programmable logic circuitry coupled to the I/O interface]

an interface module including:

a plurality of register blocks each having a data input coupled to a respective data pin and a clock input couple to a clock network, each register block having at least two registers, and

a strobe circuit having a strobe input coupled to receive an input strobe signal, a control input coupled to receive a phase control signal, and an output coupled to the clock network;

phase control circuitry coupled to receive an input clock signal and configured to generate the phase control signal at an output; and

programmable logic circuitry coupled to the interface module, wherein the interface module and the programmable logic circuitry can be configured for multiple data rate operation.

Claims 2-16 cancelled

Rule 1.126

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~~2.~~ (new) The PLD of claim 1 wherein the strobe circuit generates a local strobe signal by shifting a phase of the input strobe signal in response to the phase control signal.

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~~3.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~2~~ further comprising a plurality of interface modules grouped into one or more interface banks.

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~~4.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~3~~ wherein a separate phase control circuit is provided for each of the plurality of the interface modules.

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~~5.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~3~~ wherein a separate phase control circuit is provided for each interface bank.

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~~6.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~3~~ wherein one phase control circuit is provided for all interface banks.

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~~7.~~ (new) The PLD of claim 1 wherein each register block comprises two registers, one of which stores a first incoming bit of data at a rising edge of the local strobe signal and the other stores a second incoming bit of data at a falling edge of the local strobe signal.

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~~8.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~2~~ wherein the strobe circuit comprises a programmable phase delay circuit that is configured to adjust a phase delay of the local strobe signal such that an edge of the local strobe signal occurs substantially at the center of a data pulse.

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~~9.~~ (new) The PLD of claim ~~8~~ wherein the phase delay is about 90 degrees.

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10. (new) The PLD of claim 1 wherein the interface module further comprises one or more general purpose register blocks coupled to respective device pins.

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11. (new) The PLD of claim 1 wherein the strobe circuit is located as close to a center of the plurality of data register blocks as possible wherein an equal number of data register blocks are located on either sides of the strobe circuit.

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12. (new) The PLD of claim 1 wherein the programmable logic circuitry comprises a plurality of programmable logic blocks coupled via a network of a plurality of programmable vertical and horizontal interconnect lines.

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13. (new) The PLD of claim 12 wherein each of the programmable logic blocks comprises look-up table logic.

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14. (new) The PLD of claim 12 wherein each of the programmable logic blocks comprises product term logic.

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15. (new) The PLD of claim 12 wherein each of the programmable logic blocks comprises a unit of programmable logic and a unit of memory.

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16. (new) A computing system comprising a multiple data rate memory circuit coupled to a programmable logic device (PLD) as set forth in claim 1.

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17. (new) The computing system of claim 16 wherein the multiple data rate memory circuit comprises a double data rate synchronous dynamic random access memory.

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~~18~~. (new) A method of operating a programmable logic device (PLD) comprising:

receiving a plurality of data signals and an associated data strobe signal;

applying the plurality of data signals and the associated data strobe signal to a corresponding plurality of register blocks and strobe circuit, respectively;

generating a phase control signal in response to an input clock;

shifting a phase of the data strobe signal to generate a local strobe signal, in response to the phase control signal;

driving clock inputs of registers inside each register block using the local strobe signal; and

coupling the plurality of register blocks to programmable logic circuitry.

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~~19~~. (new) The method of claim ~~18~~ wherein the shifting of the phase of the data strobe signal can be programmably modified.

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~~20~~. (new) The method of claim ~~18~~ further comprising partitioning the plurality of register blocks into a plurality of N modules each module having M register blocks and one strobe circuit.

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~~21~~. (new) The method of claim ~~20~~ further comprising disposing the one strobe circuit in each module as close to a center of the M register blocks as possible wherein an equal number of register blocks are located on either sides of the strobe circuit.

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~~22~~. (new) The method of claim ~~18~~ wherein the shifting of the phase of the data strobe signal shifts the phase such that an edge of the local strobe signal occurs substantially at the center of a data signal pulse.